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**SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.**

- At a secret meeting of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Legislative Yuan held on 27 October 1948 the following assertions were made:
- a. CHANG Ch'ien-hua (張潛華) made the following statement: "WANG (WANG Shih-chieh), the head of the Foreign Affairs Department, is vacillating back and forth between the United States and the USSR, and is carrying on 'double-sided' politics, but not skillfully. Some people have said that when the necessity arises, the USSR will act as a mediator between our Government and the Chinese Communists. However, this cannot be done."
 - b. CH'ENG Tien-feng (程天放), the former ambassador to Germany, stated: "Foreign policy should be made in accordance with national policy, and our national policy is to oppose communism. Therefore, we should link ourselves with all the anti-communist countries in the world. The unpleasantness between China and the United States has arisen because of the Chinese Communists. We should not carry on an opportunistic policy. If we quickly reveal towards the USSR an uncompromising attitude, the United States in her relations with us would not assume the present unsympathetic attitude. Some people have said that China should become neutral in the event of a Third World War, but we absolutely cannot be neutral. An understanding between the United States and the USSR would be disadvantageous to us, as well-evidenced by the Yalta Agreement."
 - c. TAO Jung (陶鈞) asserted: "We have a good feeling towards the United States, but she does not seem to have a good feeling towards us. A 'Peoples Policy' should be carried out and propaganda should be spread widely. The United States should be frank, and our country should not carry on 'double-sided' politics. The 'third party's' destruction policy should be watched with caution. England is destroying our monetary policy, and is obstructing our economic reform, and so we should attempt to get closer to them."
 - d. CHAO Hui-mo (趙惠謨) made the following statement: "The Government should not rely on the United States alone. It must be determined to stand on its own feet even if the United States does not give assistance. We must not always assume a begging attitude. The policy of continually pleasing the United States has played itself out. Therefore, another

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policy should be sought."

- c. PI I-shu (皮以書) spoke as follows: "Double-sided politics is not right. The attitude of the United States is not clear because ours is not. It is annoying to fear both the USSR and the United States. A 'Peoples Foreign Policy' should be utilized in making Americans understand us."
 - f. LI Ksin-fen (李秀芬) stated: "A 'Peoples Foreign Policy' should be started immediately. It is inadequate to rely solely on the foreign policy of the Government."
 - g. LIU Chao-hsun (劉兆勳) made the following statement: "The Chinese-Soviet Friendship Pact should be abolished, and it is also wrong to appeal to the United States. The foreign policies of WANG Shih-chieh are never good. 'Professional' politicians should be weeded out."
 - h. KUO Te-ch'uan (郭德權) remarked: "President Chiang Kai-shek is considering whether or not to participate in the future Great War, and has said that he would like to participate, but does not have the qualifications to, adding that he also cannot be neutral. Leaving aside the problem of participating in the war, as far as our relations with the United States are concerned, both our Government's foreign policy as well as the Peoples Foreign Policy are inadequate. We should especially organize our 'Peoples Foreign Policy' and promote it extensively. How would it be to deal with the United States and remember the saying: 'A sly rabbit has three burrows'?"
2. The following are statements pertaining to Chinese-American relations by members attending the secret meeting of the Foreign Affairs Committee held on 8 November 1948:
- a. Eight members headed by PI I-shu (皮以書) stated: "We should link ourselves with the Foreign Affairs Committee of the United States Senate, and ask them for assistance. Bullitt is being sent to China by the Senate. How can we link ourselves to him, and how should we welcome him?" Discussions were held on these two points, but no decisions were reached, as it was thought that they were not very necessary.
 - b. HUANG Chien-chung (黃建中) made the following statement: "The request for American aid should not be restricted to just military and economic assistance, but it should be further advanced to the point of entering into an offensive and defensive alliance. However, this matter should not be brought out into the open immediately, but a special envoy should be sent."
 - c. TU Kuang-hsuan (杜光瑱) stated: "To blame other people and not ourselves is not right. The most important thing from the standpoint of the present situation of our country is not foreign policy but internal administration."
 - d. KU Cheng-ting (谷正鼎), the head of the Kuomintang Organization Department, made this statement: "We have failed in our foreign policy ever since the end of the war. According to Bullitt's report, American aid has been stopped as far as arms and our air force is concerned. The failure of Marshall's policy as well as the failure of the Political Consultative Conference have worsened the standing of our government, and have been the main cause for the aggravation of the situation. There are the following ways in which to request aid from the United States: (1) To express our attitude towards the United States, (2) To sound a warning signal to the other nations of the world that the 'international penetrator' has entered China, (3) To let them fully know of the internal details of the Chinese

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Communists, as the mistakes of the Political Consultative Conference were caused by the United States' lack of knowledge of the Chinese Communists." KU ended his statement by attacking WANG Shih-chieh.

- e. LIU Sheng-pin (劉聖斌) declared: "American aid is small, and it is slow. The airplanes do not have enough gas, and the guns do not have enough shells; for this reason a certain American magazine carried an article which stated that Marshall was denying war material to President CHIANG Kai-shek."

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ Comment. The remarks of individual committee members are presented above in the form in which they were received, i.e. as direct quotations. It is possible, however, that these remarks have been paraphrased rather than quoted exactly.)

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